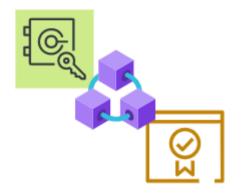


# Enhancing PKI Security in Hyperledger Fabric with

# an Indigenous Certificate Authority

# (Funded by MeitY)



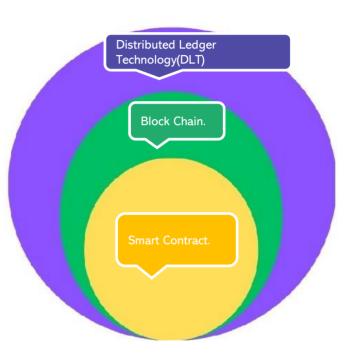
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### What is Block Chain??

- A technology that permits transactions to be gathered into blocks and recorded.
- All the blocks are cryptographically chained in chronological order
- It allows the resulting ledger to be accessed by different servers.
- DLT, Block Chain and Smart contracts are interrelated but have a distinct significant purpose.



"A peer-to-peer distributed ledger forged by consensus and a system for smart contracts and other assistive technologies"

## **Permissioned vs. Permissionless Blockchain**



| PERMISSIONLESS/PUBLIC  | PERMISSIONED/PRIVATE  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Open network and fully decentralized across unknown parties                              | Closed network and distributed across known parties   |  |  |  |
| Full transparency of transactions, based on open source protocols                        | Controlled transparency, based on organizations.  |  |  |  |
| Development via open source and mostly anonymous, with some exceptions                   | Development via private entities and not anonymous  |  |  |  |
| No central authority and often involves digital asset or token for incentives            | A private group authorizes decisions and may or may not involve digital assets or tokens                              |  |  |  |
| Highly transparent and is beneficial for speed and reconciliation across unknown parties | Highly customizable to specific use cases through diverse configurations, modular components and hybrid integrations  |  |  |  |
| Less user privacy and information control  | Less transparent to outside oversight, since participants are limited<br>and operators determine privacy requirements |  |  |  |
| Suitable for<br>• Cryptocurrency<br>• Business-to-consumer<br>• Eg. Bitcoin, Ethereum    | Suitable for<br>Government-to-citizens<br>Governments -to-organizations<br>E.g. Hyperledger fabric, Sawtooth          |  |  |  |

## **Types of Hyperledger Blockchain Framework**



| FRAMEWORK            | DESCRIPTION  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Hyperledger Fabric   | Intended as a foundation for developing applications or solutions with a modular architecture, Hyperledger Fabric allows components, such as consensus and membership services, to be plug- and-play.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hyperledger Iroha    | A business blockchain framework designed to be simple and easy to incorporate into infrastructural projects requiring distributed ledger technology.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hyperledger Sawtooth | A modular platform for building, deploying, and running distributed ledgers. Hyperledger Sawtooth includes a novel consensus algorithm, Proof of Elapsed Time (PoET), which targets large distributed validator populations with minimal resource consumption.       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hyperledger Burrow   | A permissionable smart contract machine. The first of its kind when released in December, 2014, Burrow provides a modular blockchain client with a permissioned smart contract interpreter built in part to the specification of the Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM). |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hyperledger Indy     | Tools, libraries, and reusable components for providing digital identities rooted on blockchains or other distributed ledgers so that they are interoperable across administrative domains, applications, and any other silo.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Why PKI in Hyperledger?



Hyperledger relies on strong security mechanisms to maintain trust and integrity within its blockchain networks.

### •Certificate Issuance

•Participants request certificates from the CA.

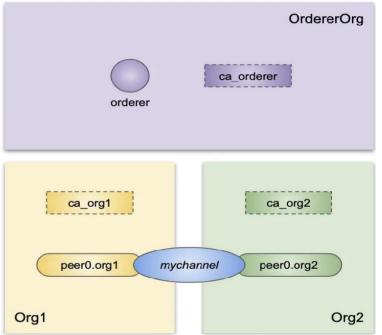
•CA validates the identity and issues certificates.

### •Secure Communication

•Participants use certificates for secure communication.

### Transaction Signing

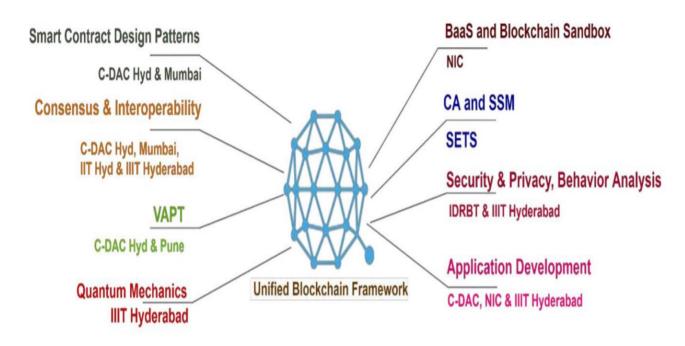
•Transactions are signed with the keys.



#### **Test Network Architecture**



### MeitY Initiative of National Blockchain Framework for National e-Governance Services





## SETS-PKI



Hyperledger Fabric needs a membership identity service that helps to manage all the identities in the permissioned block chain network.

# Decentralization Scalability Customization and Integration with Fabric Components CAs Seamless Integration with Fabric Tools and Utilities SETS CA is an in-house designed and developed product/software.

### **Creation of CA for Hyperledger**



- Creation of CA's (organization)
  - TLS-CA
  - Enrolment CA
- Creation of Enrolment Certificate for establishing the identities of the components(peers)
- Registration and Enrollment of the admin, users and peers
- Certificates of all the network components are organized into an MSP directory structure and placed inside the organization folder.
- Local MSP(ca certs, tls certs, key store, sign certs)
- Organisational MSP((ca certs, tls certs, key store, sign certs)

### **Integration of CA**



• Modify the network.sh file, there is an

if ["CRYPTO" == CA" ];

• Now build the network components using

### \$./network.sh up createChannel -ca

• Now SETS CA dockers are build and brings all the containers and creates default channel "mychannel"



### **Dynamic User Registration**

• Adding dynamic user via CA of Organisation is done using Rest API

Enrolment

- Get the IP and port of the running CA's.
- It includes two steps:
  - Registration
  - Enrolment
- Http methods

|                                   |         | Me      | Method HTTP Header Body |        |          |     | dy              |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|-------------------------|--------|----------|-----|-----------------|--|--|
|                                   |         |         | Structure               |        |          |     |                 |  |  |
| Register Role                     |         | )       | mail_id                 |        | Org_Name |     | CA_Name         |  |  |
| Attributes for registration(Body) |         |         |                         |        |          |     |                 |  |  |
| Role                              | mail_id | Org_Nam | ne CA                   | A_Name | CA_Ho    | ost | MSP<br>Location |  |  |

Attributes for enrollment(Body)



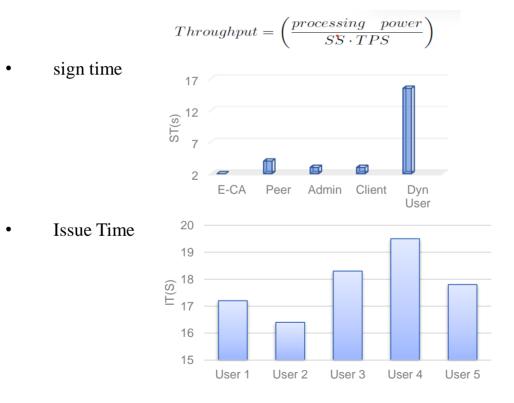
### **Performance Evaluation**



HLF provides several performance metrics to monitor the performance of the CA

• Throughput

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## **Future Directions**



- **Objective Achieved**: We've presented an approach to create an indigenous Certification Authority (CA) integrated into Hyperledger Fabric (HLF) for real-world use.
- Security Milestones: Our approach ensures secure peer-to-peer communication at the channel level and provides the capability to validate certificates, enhancing network security and reliability.
- **Identity Management**: Our solution offers a robust identity management framework, a fundamental aspect of any blockchain network.
- Future Directions: To further fortify privacy and security:
  •Keys will be transitioned into Software Security Modules (SSM).
  •The shift to SSM not only enhances privacy and security but also guarantees data confidentiality in the digital realm.
- Our proposed solution enhances the network's security and trustworthiness and also provides easy integration with HLF.
- The suggested approach would be helpful for any organization looking to use Hyperledger Fabric networks.